

Begin August 6, 1961

A25BX

URGENT

By Karl Bauman

(to that file)

FIRST LEAD STEVENSON-KENNEDY (BJT)
HYANNIS PORT, MASS., AUG. 6 (AP)-U.N. AMBASSADOR ADLAI STEVENSON
SAID TODAY THAT HE AND PRESIDENT KENNEDY SEE RUSSIA'S FEAT OF
GETTING A SECOND MAN INTO ORBIT AS POINTING UP THE NEED FOR SPACE
CONTROL.

STEVENSON SAID IT SHARPENS THE NEED FOR REGULATION OF OUTER
SPACE ~~FROM SPREADING THERE~~ *and for keeping the arms race from spreading*
STEVENSON, LEAVING AFTER A WEEKEND OF UNITED NATIONS POLICY TALKS
WITH THE PRESIDENT, SAID THEY SHARE THE VIEW THAT REGULATION IS
NECESSARY AND THEY HOPE THAT THE RUSSIANS WILL "NO LONGER DELAY IN
JOINING US IN COOPERATIVE REGULATION."

"RUSSIA'S SCIENTIFIC CONTRIBUTION TO THE CONQUEST OF OUTER
SPACE COMMANDS OUR ADMIRATION," STEVENSON SAID.

"ORBITING A NEW ASTRONAUT FOR A LONGER PERIOD IS ANOTHER STEP
FORWARD. LET US HOPE THE CAPSULE IS RECOVERED AND THE LIFE OF THIS
BRAVE MAN SAVED."

"I AM SURE THOSE ARE THE VIEWS OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY AND I AM SURE
ALSO THIS EVENT SHARPENS THE NEED FOR SOME ACTION TO REGULATE THE USE
OF OUTER SPACE AND TO KEEP THE ARMS RACE FROM SPREADING TO THAT
FIELD."

"THE PRESIDENT HAS RECENTLY ANNOUNCED HIS PROPOSALS FOR
COOPERATIVE SHARING OF COMMUNICATIONS AND WEATHER SATELLITES. WE HOPE
THE RUSSIANS WON'T DELAY IN JOINING US IN COOPERATIVE REGULATION
IN THE USE OF OUTER SPACE."

STEVENSON SAID AFTER A LONG CONFERENCE WITH THE PRESIDENT THAT
HE IS "VERY MUCH DISCOURAGED BY THE LACK OF PROGRESS IN DISARMAMENT
AND NUCLEAR TEST BAN TALKS WITH RUSSIA."

STEVENSON, U.S. AMBASSADOR TO THE UNITED NATIONS, PREDICTED
THE WHOLE SUBJECT OF DISARMAMENT AND A NUCLEAR TEST BAN WOULD COME
BEFORE THE U.N. GENERAL ASSEMBLY THIS FALL.

STEVENSON TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE THAT AFTER MONTHS OF TALKS IN
GENEVA, NO PROGRESS HAD BEEN MADE TOWARD AN AGREEMENT TO BAR NUCLEAR
TESTS.

STEVENSON SAID HE HOPED THE RUSSIANS WOULD RECONSIDER THEIR
INSISTENCE THAT THE SOVIET UNION BE GIVEN VETO POWER OVER ANY
NUCLEAR INSPECTION SYSTEM.

STEVENSON ALSO DEPLORED THE FAILURE OF THE RUSSIANS, AFTER MONTHS
OF NEGOTIATIONS, TO AGREE ON A PLAN FOR A GENERAL DISARMAMENT
CONFERENCE.

STEVENSON REPEATED A STATEMENT MADE UPON HIS ARRIVAL YESTERDAY
THAT RUSSIA'S LATEST NOTE ON GERMANY WAS MORE CONCILIATORY THAN USUAL.

THE NOTE, IN WHICH PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV EXPRESSED A
WILLINGNESS TO NEGOTIATE, AT LEAST OPENED THE DOOR FOR
NEGOTIATIONS, STEVENSON SAID.

STEVENSON NEVERTHELESS TOOK A WARY VIEW.

"THE ATTITUDE OF MR. KHRUSHCHEV CAN CHANGE VERY QUICKLY," HE
COMMENTED. "WHAT APPEARS TO BE CONCILIATORY ONE DAY CAN BECOME
BELLCIOSE THE NEXT DAY."

STEVENSON SAID KHRUSHCHEV WAS AGGRAVATED BY KENNEDY'S RECENT
REPORT TO THE NATION IN WHICH HE TOOK A FIRM STAND AGAINST RUSSIA'S
THREAT TO SIGN A SEPARATE PEACE TREATY WITH EAST GERMANY.

"I HAVE NO DOUBT THAT HE WILL TRY TO EXPLOIT THAT TO THE

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ADVANTAGE OF THE SOVIET UNION," STEVENSON SAID.
STEVENSON TOLD NEWSMEN HE HAD "A LONG AND GRATIFYING DISCUSSION
WITH THE PRESIDENT ABOUT THE MANY PROBLEMS THAT WILL CONFRONT THE
UNITED STATES" IN THE NEXT U.N. GENERAL ASSEMBLY BEGINNING NEXT MONTH.
HE SAID HE AND KENNEDY TALKED OVER VIRTUALLY ALL FOREIGN
POLICY.

HE REPORTED, WITHOUT QUOTING THE PRESIDENT DIRECTLY, THAT THE
KENNEDY ADMINISTRATION WILL, IF IT BECOMES NECESSARY, "MAKE A LAST
DITCH FIGHT TO PRESERVE THE SEAT OF NATIONALIST CHINA IN THE UNITED
NATIONS."

STEVENSON SAID HE COULD NOT SAY AT THIS TIME WHAT THE U.S.
POSITION WILL BE ON ADMISSION OF OUTER MONGOLIA TO THE U.N.

HE SAID MANY CONSIDERATIONS WERE INVOLVED, AND THAT THIS COUNTRY
WAS "MOST EAGER TO ACCOMMODATE THE VIEW OF THE NEW AFRICAN STATES."

"WE DON'T LIKE BLACKMAIL," HE ADDED.
THE SOVIET BLOC HAD THREATENED TO VETO THE ADMISSION OF MAURITANIA,
A NEW AFRICAN REPUBLIC, UNLESS OUTER MONGOLIA GAINS A U.N. SEAT.

STEVENSON, WHO MADE A TOUR OF LATIN AMERICAN CAPITALS FOR
KENNEDY IN JUNE, SAID THE PRESIDENT HAD HIGH HOPES FOR THE SUCCESS
OF THE MEETING OF THE INTER-AMERICAN ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL CONFERENCE
IN URUGUAY.

"WE HOPE THIS IS THE DAWN OF A NEW DAY IN COOPERATION
BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND OUR LATIN AMERICAN NEIGHBORS," HE
SAID.

TC118PED

A64

FIRST LEAD MINISTERS A37 (AMS BUDGET) (720)

BY THOMAS A. REEDY.

PARIS, AUG. 6 (AP)-THE WESTERN BIG FOUR SERVED NOTICE ON THE SOVIET
UNION TONIGHT THAT THEY ARE WILLING TO NEGOTIATE THE BERLIN PROBLEM BUT
"ONLY ON A REASONABLE BASIS."

THEY SAID NOTHING THE RUSSIANS ARE SAYING AND DOING NOW THROUGH THE
EAST GERMAN COMMUNISTS PROVIDES A REASONABLE APPROACH.

THE FOREIGN MINISTERS OF THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN, FRANCE AND WEST
GERMANY SPELLED OUT THEIR CONDITIONS FOR NEGOTIATIONS AFTER A FULL-
SCALE TWO-DAY REVIEW OF THE CRISIS.

THEY TOOK NO FORMAL NOTICE OF THE LOFTING OF A SECOND MAN INTO
SPACE BY THE SOVIET UNION WHICH TOOK PLACE AMID THE WINDUP OF THEIR
DELIBERATIONS.

THE EMERGENCY CONFERENCE DECIDED TO INSTRUCT A STANDING FOUR-POWER
COMMITTEE BASED IN WASHINGTON TO SEARCH FOR A MEANS OF ARRIVING AT
TALKS WITH THE RUSSIANS ON GROUNDS CLEAR OF ABUSE AND THREATS.

A BRITISH SPOKESMAN SAID MOSCOW'S NOTES T THE FOUR POWERS, THREATEN-
ING A SEPARATE PEACE WITH THE EAST GERMANS AND DEMANDING A NEW STATUS
FOR ISOLATED WEST BERLIN, AMOUNT TO "ABUSE WHICH DOES NOT PROVIDE
REASONABLE BASIS FOR NEGOTIATION."

THE MINISTERS DID NOT ISSUE A COMMUNIQUE AFTER COMPLETING THEIR
EXPLORATION OF THE BERLIN SITUATION, BUT THEIR SPOKESMEN IN SEPARATE
BRIEFINGS AGREED:

1. THE CONFERENCE CHARACTERIZED THE COMMUNIST THREAT TO WEST
BERLIN'S 2.5 MILLION RESIDENTS AS A THREAT TO FREE MEN EVERYWHERE AND
THE FOUR WESTERN POWERS ARE DETERMINED TO PREVENT WEST BERLINERS FROM
BEING SWAMPED BY EAST GERMANY'S COMMUNISTS.

2. ANY "REASONABLE BASIS" FOR NEGOTIATING THE PROBLEM WILL BE
SNAPPED UP EAGERLY. BUT ALL STAND FIRMLY BEHIND PRESIDENT KENNEDY'S
CASTIGATION OF THE SOVIET IDEA OF NEGOTIATION AS MEANING "WHAT'S
MINE IS MINE AND WHAT'S YOURS IS NEGOTIABLE."

3. NO DECISION WAS MADE HERE TO PROPOSE EAST-WEST TALKS ON EITHER THE FOREIGN MINISTER LEVEL OR AT THE SUMMIT. SUCH A MOVE IS TO EVOLVE ONLY FROM THE STANDING COMMITTEE'S WASHINGTON STUDY AND A SEARCH FOR THE "REASONABLE BASIS."

A U.S. SPOKESMAN INDICATED HELBIG FOUR FEEL THE NEXT MOVE IS UP TO MOSCOW. "A SETTLEMENT OF THE ISSUES DEPENDS ON THE WILLINGNESS OF THE SOVIET UNION TO NEGOTIATE ON A REASONABLE BASIS," HE SAID.

THE FRENCH SPOKESMAN HINTED THAT SOVIET PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV STILL MIGHT PROVIDE SOME LOOPHOLE FOR BOTH SIDES TO REACH THE NEGOTIATING TABLE WHEN HE MAKES A MAJOR BROADCAST SPEECH TOMORROW IN MOSCOW.

CONFERENCE INFORMANTS FOUND IT SIGNIFICANT THAT EVEN THOUGH THE WARSAW PACT NATIONS UNDER THE SOVIET UMBRELLA RESOLVED AT A MEETING THREE DAYS AGO THAT EAST GERMANY SHOULD BE RECOGNIZED IN A PEACE TREATY, THEY ALSO PLEDGED TO OBSERVE WEST BERLIN'S SOVEREIGNTY AND FREEDOM.

THE CONFERENCE DWELT ON THE NEED FOR BEEFING UP NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY ORGANIZATION (NATO) FORCES IN EUROPE, AND OFFICIALS SAID DETAILED MILITARY, POLITICAL AND ECONOMIC PLANS FOR MEETING SOVIET THREATS AGAINST BERLIN WERE REVIEWED.

A BRITISH AUTHORITY SAID BRITAIN IS READY TO REGROUP ITS FORCES IN THE WEST GERMANY TO IMPROVE THEIR READINESS. HE ADDED THAT THE BRITISH ARE PREPARED TO SLAP A TRADE EMBARGO NOT ONLY ON THE SOVIET UNION BUT ON THE ENTIRE SOVIET BLOC OF NATIONS "IF IT BECOMES NECESSARY."

A BRITISH SPOKESMAN, IN TERMS SOMEWHAT STRONGER THAN THOSE USED BY OFFICIALS OF OTHER DELEGATIONS, DECLARED THE MINISTERS AGREED TO BOLSTER THE STRENGTH OF THE NATO SHIELD BUT ALSO "TO NEGOTIATE IF THIS IS MADE POSSIBLE BY THE OTHER SIDE."

THE TALKS TOOK INTO ACCOUNT THAT KHRUSHCHEV MAY NOT BE BLUFFING COMPLETELY IN THREATENING TO SIGN A PEACE TREATY WITH THE EAST GERMANS AND THUS LAY WEST BERLIN OPEN TO FURTHER HARASSMENT.

THEREFORE, A BRITISH OFFICIAL SAID, IT IS REGARDED AS URGENT THAT THE WESTERN COMMITTEE IN WASHINGTON GET STARTED AS QUICKLY AS POSSIBLE IN SEARCH OF A PLATFORM FOR NEGOTIATION. HE SAID THIS IS NECESSARY JUST IN CASE "THE SOVIETS ADVANCE THEIR TIME TABLE."

THE BIG FOUR SESSION WAS CONDUCTED UNDER THE SHADOW OF KHRUSHCHEV'S ANNOUNCEMENT OF A MAJOR POLICY SPEECH TOMORROW, THE SOVIET'S FIRING OF ANOTHER MAN INTO SPACE AND A NEW SURGE OF EAST GERMAN REFUGEES FLEEING TO WEST BERLIN AT THE RATE OF 10,000 A WEEK.

THREE MINISTERS--U.S. SECRETARY OF STATE DEAN RUSK, BRITISH FOREIGN SECRETARY LORD HOME AND FRENCH FOREIGN MINISTER MAURICE COUVE DE MURVILLE--DECIDED TO STAY ON IN PARIS THROUGH TOMORROW TO ASSESS WHATEVER KHRUSHCHEV HAS TO SAY. THEY ALSO WILL REVIEW OTHER PROBLEMS FACING THE WEST IN SUCH AREAS AS LAOS, VIET NAM, KOREA, THE CONGO AND NORTH AFRICA.

WEST GERMAN FOREIGN MINISTER HEINRICH VON BRENTANO IS LEAVING FOR ITALY TO CONFER WITH CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER, WHO IS ON A HOLIDAY LAKE COMO.

RUSK PLANS TO GO THEIR WEDNESDAY AFTER FIRST CALLING ON PRESIDENT DE GAULLE HERE TUESDAY NIGHT.

NONE OF THE MINISTERS MADE ANY FORMAL COMMENT ON THE SOVIET SPACE FEAT, BUT THEY WERE KEPT CONSTANTLY INFORMED OF THE DEVELOPMENTS BY THEIR STAFFS.

(NO PICKUP)
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A163WX

ADVANCE FOR 5:30 P.M. EST SUNDAY, AUG. 6
(280) JACKSON
(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, AUG. 6 (AP)-SEN. HENRY M. JACKSON, D-WASH., SAID TODAY COMMUNIST CHINA WILL HAVE A NUCLEAR BOMB IN THE NEXT 18 MONTHS.

JACKSON, A MEMBER OF THE SENATE ARMED SERVICES COMMITTEE, SAID ON A RADIO INTERVIEW PROGRAM (RADIO NEWS CONFERENCE--NON-NETWORK): "IT'S BEEN ARGUED THAT ONE REASON WHY MR. KHRUSHCHEV WILL NOT AGREE TO AN EFFECTIVE SYSTEM OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS CONTROL OF TESTING IS THAT THE CHINESE ARE ABOUT TO EXPLODE A BOMB AND I THINK IT'S FAIR TO SAY THEY WILL HAVE ONE WITHIN A YEAR TO 18 MONTHS."

JACKSON ADVANCED THIS AS A REASON WHY THE UNITED STATES SHOULD NOT "STAND IDLY BY AND GO ALONG ON A COMPLETELY UNPOLICED MORATORIUM." PRESIDENT KENNEDY HAS QUESTIONED WHETHER THE UNITED STATES COULD CONTINUE ITS SELF-IMPOSED BAN ON NUCLEAR WEAPONS TESTS WITHOUT ANY ASSURANCE RUSSIA IS NOT TESTING.

DURING THE U.S. BAN, JACKSON SAID, "WE FIND OURSELVES IN A SITUATION WHERE OUR ABILITY TO MOVE FORWARD IN THIS AREA IS COMPLETELY HANDICAPPED." HE ADDED THAT NUCLEAR TESTING "IS AN INDISPENSABLE PART OF OUR WEAPONS LABORATORY."

JACKSON SAID THE UNITED STATES WOULD HAVE TO USE NUCLEAR WEAPONS SHOULD THE BERLIN CRISIS BREAK INTO AN ACTUAL HOT WAR.

"IT'S MERELY A MATTER OF COMMON SENSE," HE SAID, "THAT YOU'RE NOT GOING TO STOP THE SOVIET HORDES WITH GROUND FORCES NOW AVAILABLE OR WHAT WE COULD SEND TO EUROPE BETWEEN NOW AND THE TIME THE BERLIN MATTER SHOULD BREAK INTO AN ACTUAL HOT WAR."

JACKSON PRAISED THE ADMINISTRATION-ORDERED MANPOWER BUILDUP, CALLING THIS "THE FIRST TIME IN HISTORY WHERE A FREE SOCIETY HAS MOVED AHEAD WITHOUT A HOT WAR IMPENDING."

JACKSON SAID WINSTON CHURCHILL TRIED TO DO THIS BEFORE WORLD WAR II IN BRITAIN, SAYING, "WE MUST ARM TO PARLEY." THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT, JACKSON SAID, REFUSED TO HEED CHURCHILL'S ADVICE AND "THE RESULT, OF COURSE, IS WELL KNOWN NOW IN HISTORY."

(END ADVANCE FOR 5:30 P.M. EST, SUNDAY AUG. 6--NOTE DATE--SENT AUG. 5)
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B59WX Q

ADVANCE FOR 5:30 P.M. EST SUNDAY, AUG. 6

ASSOCIATED PRESS SPECIAL SERVICE (170)

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, AUG. 6 (AP)-REP. CRAIG HOSMER, R-CALIF., CALCULATED TODAY THAT 160 ATOMIC BOMBS, DOTTED ON RUSSIAN RAILROAD LINES, "CAN OBLITERATE SOVIET WAR-MAKING CAPABILITY."

"KHRUSHCHEV KNOWS IT AND IF AMERICANS UNDERSTAND IT TOO, WAR OVER BERLIN IS UNLIKELY," HOSMER, A MEMBER OF THE HOUSE-SENATE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMITTEE, SAID IN A STATEMENT.

HOSMER SAID 85 PER CENT OF RUSSIA'S TRANSPORTATION MOVES BY RAIL. "SEVERING CONNECTIONS BETWEEN APPROXIMATELY 160 RAIL CENTERS WOULD SHATTER THE COUNTRY INTO MANY ISOLATED SEGMENTS AND IMMOBILIZE ITS MILITARY AND INDUSTRIAL MIGHT," HE SAID.

HOSMER SAID HIS ANALYSIS OF THE VULNERABILITY OF THE SOVIET RAIL SYSTEM IS MERELY AN ILLUSTRATION OF THE RETALIATORY POWER OF THE UNITED STATES.

ITS DISCLOSURE, HE SAID, "IS AN EFFORT TO CONVINCE THE AMERICAN PEOPLE AND OUR FREE WORLD ALLIES WE ARE CAPABLE AT THIS MOMENT OF DETERRING THE SOVIETS FROM WAR BY OUR ABILITY TO STRIKE BACK EFFECTIVELY AND IMPOSE UNACCEPTABLE DAMAGE."

"PUBLIC CONFIDENCE IN THIS CAPABILITY MAKES MORE APPARENT TO SOVIET WAR PLANNERS OUR WILL TO DESTROY THEIR BASE OF AGGRESSION IF THEY ATTACK," HE SAID. "THEREBY THE STRENGTH OF OUR DETERRENT IS INCREASED AND THE POSSIBILITY OF WAR BY MISCALCULATION IS DIMINISHED."

(END ADVANCE FOR 5:30 P.M. EST AUG. 6.)

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(500)

FULBRIGHT-PASSMAN
WASHINGTON, AUG. 6 (AP)-REP. OTTO E. PASSMAN, D-LA., CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE FOREIGN AID APPROPRIATIONS SUBCOMMITTEE, SAID TONIGHT PRESIDENT

KENNEDY'S PLAN FOR A FIVE-YEAR \$8.8 BILLION FOREIGN AID COMMITMENT TO BUILD UP UNDERDEVELOPED NATIONS IS UNCONSTITUTIONAL. HE SAID THE NATION HAS LOST CONTROL OF ITS FOREIGN AID PROGRAM AND "WASTE IS RAMPANT ALL OVER THE WORLD."

SEN. J. WILLIAM FULBRIGHT, D-ARK., CHAIRMAN OF THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE, DENIED THERE WAS ANY CONSTITUTIONAL PROHIBITION AGAINST SUCH LONG RANGE FINANCING. AND HE SAID IF THERE HAS BEEN A LOSS OF CONTROL IT IS TIME TO COME UP WITH A MORE EFFICIENT SYSTEM.

THE ADMINISTRATION'S PROPOSALS FOR AUTHORIZING FIVE YEARS OF BORROWING THE \$8.8 BILLION FROM THE TREASURY INSTEAD OF GOING BACK TO CONGRESS EACH YEAR FOR ANNUAL APPROPRIATIONS COULD PROVIDE THAT SYSTEM, FULBRIGHT STATED.

BOTH MEN EXPRESSED THEIR VIEWS ON THE CONTROVERSIAL ISSUE, NOW BEFORE CONGRESS, IN A SPECIAL ONE-HOUR TELEVISION INTERVIEW (NBC--MEET THE PRESS). EACH WAS ALLOTTED A HALF HOUR TO PRESENT HIS SIDE, PASSMAN AGAINST AND FULBRIGHT FOR.

"WE HAVE GIVEN AWAY \$90 BILLION IN FOREIGN AID SINCE THE END OF WORLD WAR II," PASSMAN SAID. NOT ALL OF IT HAD BEEN WASTED, HE ADDED BUT CITED A HIGHWAY DESIGNED TO BE BUILT FOR \$18.3 MILLION IN SOUTH VIET NAM THAT HE SAID EVENTUALLY COST MORE THAN \$129 MILLION IN AID FUNDS.

PASSMAN CLAIMED MOST FOREIGN AID WAS ALREADY ON A 5 TO 15 YEAR PLANNING BASIS. FUNDS FOR IT COULD BE PROVIDED LEGALLY ONLY BY ANNUAL CONGRESSIONAL APPROPRIATIONS. OF THE KENNEDY LONG RANGE PLAN HE SAID:

"CONGRESS WILL HAVE ABSOLUTELY NO CONTROL OVER THIS PROGRAM." FULBRIGHT SAID THE ASSURANCE OF BEING ABLE TO OBTAIN FUNDS OVER FIVE YEARS IS NECESSARY TO EFFICIENTLY PLAN AND CARRY OUT DEVELOPMENT OF SANITATION, COMMUNICATIONS, INDUSTRY AND OTHER BASIC NEEDS OF FRIENDLY NATIONS IN THE WORLD.

FULBRIGHT ALSO SAID:

IF FOREIGN NATIONS WITH RAPIDLY EXPANDING POPULATIONS WANT HELP IN SETTING UP BIRTH CONTROL PROGRAMS, I THINK WE SHOULD RESPOND."

HE FIRMLY SUPPORTED THE CONCEPT OF AMERICA INSISTING ON LAND, TAXATION AND OTHER REFORMS IN NATIONS RECEIVING U.S. AID.

"IT IS INTERVENTION IN DEPTH," HE ACKNOWLEDGED. "...I THINK WE HAVE BEEN WRONG IN RESTRAINING OURSELVES FROM THIS SO-CALLED INTERVENTION, NOT PUTTING STRINGS ON OUR AID."

HE SAID AID FUNDS SHOULD BE WITHHELD IF THE NATION INVOLVED WOULDN'T CARRY OUT THE REFORMS NEEDED.

THE FOREIGN RELATIONS CHAIRMAN ADMITTED MISTAKES HAD BEEN MADE BUT INSISTED FOREIGN AID WAS STILL VITALLY NEEDED.

"A DISPROPORTIONATE AMOUNT OF MONEY HAS GONE INTO KOREA WITH VERY LITTLE TO SHOW FOR IT," HE STATED. "...I THINK WE HAVE PUT TOO MUCH MONEY IN CERTAIN PLACES OUT OF ALL PROPORTION TO THEIR IMPORTANCE."

PASSMAN WAS QUESTIONED CLOSELY ABOUT HIS STATEMENT YESTERDAY THAT "A VERY ABLE MEMBER OF CONGRESS" ONCE TOLD HIM THAT TWO REPRESENTATIVES OF THE INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION ADMINISTRATION, AMERICA'S PRINCIPAL FOREIGN AID AGENCY, HAD COME TO THE CONGRESSMAN AND SAID: "IF MR. PASSMAN WILL RESIGN HIS CHAIRMANSHIP WE WILL WITHDRAW OUR REQUEST FOR LONG-TERM AID."

PASSMAN REFUSED TODAY TO NAME THE CONGRESSMAN OR THE TWO ICA MEN. HE SAID "CERTAINLY NOT" WHEN ASKED IF HE WAS RESIGNING.

PASSMAN'S SUBCOMMITTEE HAS LONG BEEN A MAJOR HURDLE FOR ALL FOREIGN AID BILLS. HE SAID THE LONG RANGE COMMITMENT PLAN IS AN EFFORT TO BY-PASS HIS SUBCOMMITTEE.

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S27

FIRST LEAD BERLIN

BY LOYAL GOULD

30.24-1315

BERLIN, AUG. 6 (AP)--WEST BERLIN MAYOR WILLY BRANDT WARNED SOVIET PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV TONIGHT NOT TO LET EAST GERMAN COMMUNIST BOSS WALTER ULBRICHT PUSH HIM INTO TAKING DRASTIC ACTION ON DIVIDED BERLIN.

"FORM YOUR OWN OPINIONS OF THE BERLIN SITUATION," BRANDT SAID IN A BROADCAST REMARK ADDRESSED TO KHRUSHCHEV. "SO YOU WILL RECOGNIZE INTO WHAT KIND OF A PREDICAMENT ULBRICHT CAN BRING YOU IF YOU DON'T."

"ALL ULBRICHT IS TRYING TO DO IS TO PROTECT HIMSELF FROM THE CONSEQUENCES OF YOUR ANNOUNCED INTENTIONS OF SOLVING THE BERLIN SITUATION THROUGH PEACEFUL MEANS."

BRANDT MADE THE STATEMENT DURING HIS WEEKLY RADIO BROADCAST TO RE-

SIDENTS OF COMMUNIST-SURROUNDED WEST BERLIN AS REFUGEES CONTINUED TO STREAM THROUGH THE BERLIN ESCAPE HATCH.

HE URGED KHRUSHCHEV TO REALIZE HE WAS PLAYING WITH FIRE IF HE FOLLOWS ULBRICHT'S ADVICE AND SIGNS A SEPARATE PEACE TREATY WHICH WOULD GIVE THE EAST GERMANS CONTROL OVER SUPPLY ROUTES TO WEST BERLIN.

HIS MENTION OF FIRE REFERRED TO THE ANNOUNCED RESOLVE OF THE WESTERN ALLIES TO PROTECT THE RIGHTS THEY WON IN BERLIN IN WORLD WAR II.

IN PARIS TODAY, THE WESTERN BIG FOUR FOREIGN MINISTERS ASSERTED THEIR WILLINGNESS TO NEGOTIATE THE BERLIN QUESTION WITH THE SOVIET UNION IF A REASONABLE BASIS FOR TALKS COULD BE FOUND, BUT SAID KHRUSHCHEV'S THREAT TO SIGN A SEPARATE TREATY WITH EAST GERMANY DOES NOT SATISFY THE CONDITION.

BRANDT SAID ULBRICHT'S EFFORTS TO DAM THE REFUGEE TIDE AND TO PRESSURE COMMUTERS FROM THE EAST INTO GIVING UP THEIR WEST BERLIN

JOB WERE CLUMSY ATTEMPTS TO INCREASE TENSION AND THEREBY FORCE KHRUSHCHEV'S HAND.

THE EAST GERMANS MEANWHILE SHOWED CONCERN THAT TALKS BETWEEN RUSSIA AND THE WEST MIGHT DELAY THE PEACE TREATY KHRUSHCHEV HAS PROMISED BY THE END OF THE YEAR.

SUCH A TREATY, THE EDITORIAL CONTINUED, MUST BE SIGNED "BEFORE AN EXPLOSION TAKES PLACE AND IN ORDER TO HINDER ONE FROM TAKING PLACE."

EAST GERMAN LEADERS WANT A SETTLEMENT THAT WOULD GIVE THEM CONTROL OVER ACCESS ROUTES TO COMMUNIST-SURROUNDED BERLIN AND THE POWER TO STOP THE REFUGEE FLOW. THE MASS EXODUS IS PLACING A SEVERE STRAIN ON THEIR ECONOMY, ALREADY SAGGING DANGEROUSLY.

IN THE WEEK ENDING FRIDAY, A RECORD NUMBER OF REFUGEES--10,419-- REGISTERED AT WEST BERLIN RECEPTION CENTERS. THOUSANDS MORE WENT DURING THE WEEK DIRECTLY TO WEST BERLIN FRIENDS OR FLEW TO WEST GERMANY WITHOUT REGISTERING.

IN ITS REPORT OF THE WARSAW PACT MEETING, THE EAST GERMAN PRESS DID NOT MENTION THE FACT THAT WALTER ULBRICHT, THE REGIME'S TOP LEADER, ATTENDED. THERE HAVE BEEN SOME EXPRESSIONS OF BELIEF THAT ULBRICHT MAY HAVE TRIED TO GET THE RUSSIANS TO LET HIM STOP THE REFUGEE FLOW BY CLOSING OF ALL ROUTES TO BERLIN.

THE EAST BERLIN NEWSPAPER NEUE ZEIT CARRIED A HAIR-RAISING ACCOUNT OF WHY SUCH PROTECTIVE ACTION IS NEEDED. IT SAID WEST GERMAN PROCURERS "GET THEIR LARGEST NUMBER OF RECRUITS FOR BORDELLOS AND OTHER DUBIOUS ENTERTAINMENT ESTABLISHMENTS AMONG YOUNG GIRLS IN WEST BERLIN REFUGEE CAMPS WHO HAVE BEEN ENTICED INTO LEAVING THE GERMAN DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC."

NEUE ZEIT AND OTHER EAST GERMAN PAPERS ALSO REPORTED PROGRESS

IN THE REGIME'S CAMPAIGN AGAINST THE ESTIMATED 80,000 EAST GERMAN WHO COMMUTE TO WORK IN WEST BERLIN. THEY SAID HUNDREDS OF COMMUTERS HAVE APPLIED FOR JOBS IN LABOR-SHORT EAST BERLIN FOLLOWING ORDERS THEY MUST PAY THEIR RENT AND UTILITIES IN WEST GERMAN MARKS, WORTH NEARLY FIVE TIMES AS MUCH AS EASTERN CURRENCY.

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GERMANS

BY TOM OCHILTREE

PARIS, AUG. 6 (AP)--IS PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV THINKING OF OUSTING EAST GERMAN COMMUNIST BOSS WALTER ULBRICHT TO GIVE THE SOVIET UNION MORE ROOM FOR MANEUVER OVER BERLIN?

THE WEST HAS SOME IDEAS BUT NO READY ANSWER TO SUCH A BLUNT QUESTION. OBVIOUSLY, THE PARIS CONSULTATIONS OF THE FOUR WESTERN FOREIGN MINISTERS TURN TO SOME EXTENT ON AN ASSESSMENT OF THE KHRUSHCHEV-ULBRICHT RELATIONSHIP.

THE QUESTIONS COME ROLLING OUT EASILY: WHAT WAS THE MEANING BEHIND ULBRICHT'S SUDDEN JOURNEY TO MOSCOW IN ANSWER TO A SUMMONS FROM KHRUSHCHEV? IS ULBRICHT HIMSELF IN A STATE BORDERING ON DESPAIR? IS HE TRYING TO FORCE THE PEACE ON BERLIN TO SAVE HIS OWN POLITICAL POSITION?

ACCORDING TO ONE THEORY--AND IT IS NO MORE THAN A THEORY--KHRUSHCHEV TOLD ULBRICHT IN MOSCOW THAT THE SOVIET UNION INTENDS TO COOL DOWN THE BERLIN CRISIS FOR THE TIME BEING TO ALLOW FOR NEW EAST-WEST NEGOTIATIONS.

IN OTHER WORDS, KHRUSHCHEV IS IN NO HURRY TO CONCLUDE A SEPARATE PEACE TREATY WITH EAST GERMANY, DESPITE HIS PUBLIC

PRONOUNCEMENTS TO THE CONTRARY.

ACCORDING TO THIS SAME THEORY, HE IS STILL UNWILLING TO RISK WAR WITH THE WESTERN POWERS BY TURNING CONTROL OF THE WEST BERLIN ACCESS ROUTES OVER TO THE EAST GERMANS.

IF THIS IS KHRUSHCHEV'S DECISION HE IS DOING ALL HE CAN TO MASK IT. HE TALKED TOUGH ABOUT BERLIN TO ITALIAN PREMIER ANIOTORE FANFANI. THE WARSAW PACT POWERS AGREED UNANIMOUSLY IN MOSCOW LAST NIGHT THAT A PEACE SETTLEMENT WITH EAST GERMANY AND A REVISED STATUS FOR BERLIN SHOULD BE ACHIEVED BEFORE THE END OF THE YEAR.

WESTERN SOURCES POINTED OUT THAT IF KHRUSHCHEV HAS DECIDED TO SLOW DOWN HIS MOVES ON BERLIN HE HAS EASED THE TENSION SOMEWHAT. BUT ANOTHER PROBLEM STILL FACES THE COMMUNIST WORLD--THE PROBLEM OF EAST GERMAN REFUGEES.

THE CONTINUING REFUGEE FLOOD INTO WEST BERLIN, THESE INFORMANTS SAID, SHOWS THE EXTREME RESTLESSNESS PREVAILING AMONG THE EAST GERMAN PEOPLE. ALTHOUGH THE POSSIBILITY OF ANOTHER REVOLT ON THE 1953 PATTERNS IS DISCOUNTED.

ULBRICHT IS AN OLD LINE STALINIST NOT ESPECIALLY POPULAR WITH THE BULK OF EAST GERMAN COMMUNISTS AND DECIDEDLY UNPOPULAR WITH THE EAST GERMAN NON-COMMUNISTS. HIS WHOLE REGIME WOULD APPEAR HEADED FOR DEMORALIZATION UNLESS THE REFUGEE FLOW IS CHECKED.

IF THE RUSSIANS NOW WANT TO SOFTEN THE EAST GERMAN REGIME FOR DIPLOMATIC REASONS OF THEIR OWN, IT WOULD SEEM LOGICAL FOR THEM TO FIRE ULBRICHT.

AND THIS ONE ACTION MIGHT SLOW THE FLIGHT OF REFUGEES.

NC419PEE

A99 (110)
NEW DELHI, INDIA, AUG. 6 (AP)--U.S. UNDERSECRETARY OF STATE CHESTER BOWLES TOLD A CROWDED NEWS CONFERENCE TODAY PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV IS "A POOR SPORT . . . HE CANNOT TAKE IT WHEN THE

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CHIPS ARE DOWN."

BOWLES, WHO WAS AMBASSADOR TO INDIA FROM 1951 TO 1953, SAID THE RACE BETWEEN THE FREE SYSTEM AND COMMUNISM HAS BEEN UNDER WAY IN GERMANY SINCE WORLD WAR II. THE RESULT IS "A DRAB, DREARY EAST BERLIN WITH 6,000 A WEEK GOING WEST."

HE SAID KHRUSHCHEV WANTED TO UPSET THIS "BECAUSE HE FAILED TO DELIVER IN EAST GERMANY."

"WE ARE PREPARED TO NEGOTIATE BUT NOT LET DOWN THE RIGHTS OF PEOPLE IN FREE BERLIN," HE ADDED.

BOWLES IS HERE UNTIL THURSDAY FOR A MEETING OF AMERICAN AMBASSADORS OF SOUTH ASIAN COUNTRIES AND IS PLANNING TO CONFER WITH PRIME MINISTER NEHRU TUESDAY.

JB726PED

A98 (110)

BONN, GERMANY, AUG. 6 (AP)--EAST GERMAN WORKERS ARE BUSY REPAIRING RUSTY AND DAMAGED BARBED WIRE MARKING THE 69-MILE EAST ZONE BORDER AROUND WEST BERLIN, A REFUGEE ORGANIZATION'S PUBLICATION SAID TODAY.

DEUTSCHE OSTKUNE (GERMAN EASTERN STUDIES) SAID THE 150-FOOT WIDE "DEATH STRIP" ALSO IS BEING CLEANED OF GRASS AND BUSHES. THE STRIP HAD BEEN NEGLECTED IN RECENT YEARS. AN IDENTICAL STRIP ON THE EAST ZONE BORDER WITH WEST GERMANY IS PLOWED ALMOST DAILY, MAKING IT EASIER FOR BORDER POLICEMEN TO SPOT ESCAPERS.

IRONICALLY, THE MONTHLY PUBLICATION SAID, THE BARBED WIRE USED BY THE COMMUNISTS HAS BEEN SUPPLIED BY WEST GERMAN FIRMS UNDER AN EXISTING TRADE AGREEMENT.

JB722PED

A95

BY PATRICK J. MASSEY (270)

LONDON, AUG. 6 (AP)--BRITISH PHILOSOPHER BERTRAND RUSSELL WAS BARRED BY POLICE TODAY FROM USING A LOUD SPEAKER TO ADDRESS SEVERAL THOUSAND PACIFISTS ASSEMBLED IN HYDE PARK TO COMMEMORATE THE 16TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE FIRST ATOMIC BOMB DROP ON HIROSHIMA.

AS RUSSELL BEGAN DENOUNCING NUCLEAR WEAPONS, A POLICEMAN WALKED UP AND SNATCHED AWAY THE LOUDSPEAKER. RUSSELL'S THIN VOICE FAILED TO CARRY BEYOND HIS IMMEDIATE RING OF LISTENERS.

A FEW PROTESTS RUSTLED THROUGH THE CROWD, BUT THERE WERE NO INCIDENTS. AUTHORITIES HAD NOTIFIED THE ORGANIZERS OF THE "HIROSHIMA DAY" DEMONSTRATION THAT ANYONE IS FREE TO SPEAK IN HYDE PARK, BUT MICROPHONES AND AMPLIFIERS ARE FORBIDDEN.

THE DEMONSTRATION'S LEADERS THEN TRIED TO RALLY THE CROWD FOR A MARCH TO TRAFALGAR SQUARE WHERE THE 89-YEAR-OLD PHILOSOPHER WOULD HAVE BEEN ALLOWED TO USE A PUBLIC ADDRESS SYSTEM. BUT A HEAVY RAIN BEGAN TO FALL AND THE CROWD DISPERSED.

A FEW LATER GOT TOGETHER IN TRAFALGAR SQUARE WHERE RUSSELL DELIVERED HIS PLANNED SPEECH. IN IT, HE URGED THE BERLIN PROBLEM BE SOLVED THROUGH A NEGOTIATED SETTLEMENT "THAT EACH SIDE CAN ACCEPT WITHOUT ABJECT SURRENDER." HE SAID PRESENT H-BOMBS ARE 1,000 TIMES MORE POWERFUL THAN THE HIROSHIMA BOMB AND REITERATED HIS DEMAND FOR MASS PUBLIC PROTESTS AGAINST NUCLEAR WAR.

RUSSELL AND HIS WIFE EARLIER LED A PROCESSION OF 1,500 THROUGH LONDON TO WHITEHALL, CENTER THOROUGHFARE FOR PARLIAMENT AND GOVERNMENT BUILDINGS, TO LAY A WREATH IN HOMAGE TO THE 78,150 JAPANESE KILLED IN THE HIROSHIMA BLAST AUG. 6, 1945, THE FIRST VICTIMS OF NUCLEAR WARFARE.

THE DEMONSTRATION WAS STAGED BY AN ANTINUCLEAR ORGANIZATION KNOWN AS THE COMMITTEE OF 100.

AT THE OTHER END OF BRITAIN, DEMONSTRATORS TRIED TO PICKET THE

U.S. POLARIS SUBMARINE BASE AT SCOTLAND'S HOLY LOCH, BUT ONLY A
HANDFUL TURNED UP. TWO PACIFISTS WHO PADDLED A CANOE NEAR THE
BASE SHIP PROTEUS DURING THE NIGHT COMPLAINED TO POLICE LATER
THAT CREWMEN PELTED THEM WITH NUTS AND BOLTS. THE NAVY SAID THE
CANOEISTS WERE KEPT UNDER OBSERVATION, BUT WERE NOT MOLESTED.
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